## Energy Storage and Renewable Energy

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## **Energy Storage and Renewables**

- Intermittent renewable energy sources
  - Photovoltaic
  - Wind
  - Wave energy
- Diurnal, seasonal and random variations



#### **Intermittent Renewables on Electric Grids**

- Firm capacity
  - How much and when
- Stability of grid
  - Maintaining frequency and voltage





### Tehachapi Wind Generation in April '05

Could you predict the energy production for this wind park either day-ahead or 5 hours in advance?

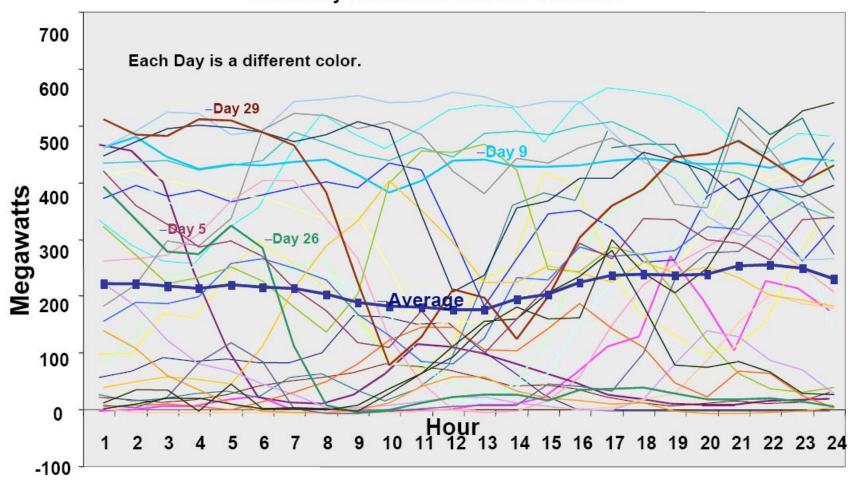
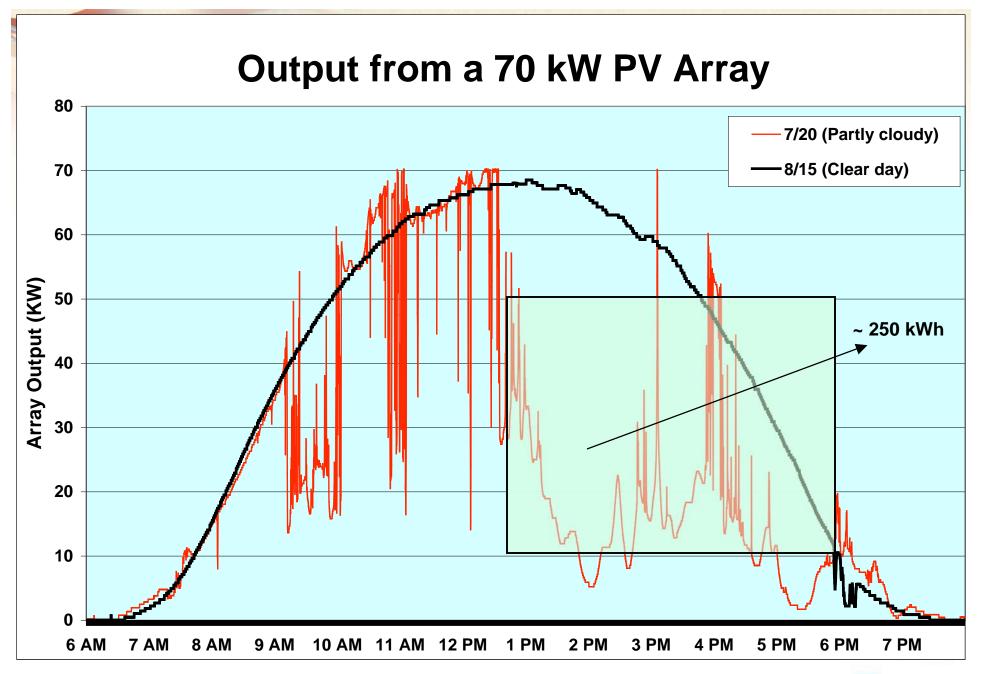


Figure 1. Daily Wind Generation in Tehachapi for April 2005

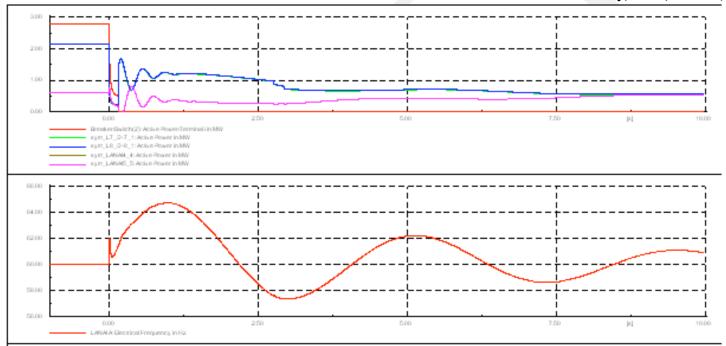




## **Benefits of Storage to Renewables**

#### **Smoothing function**

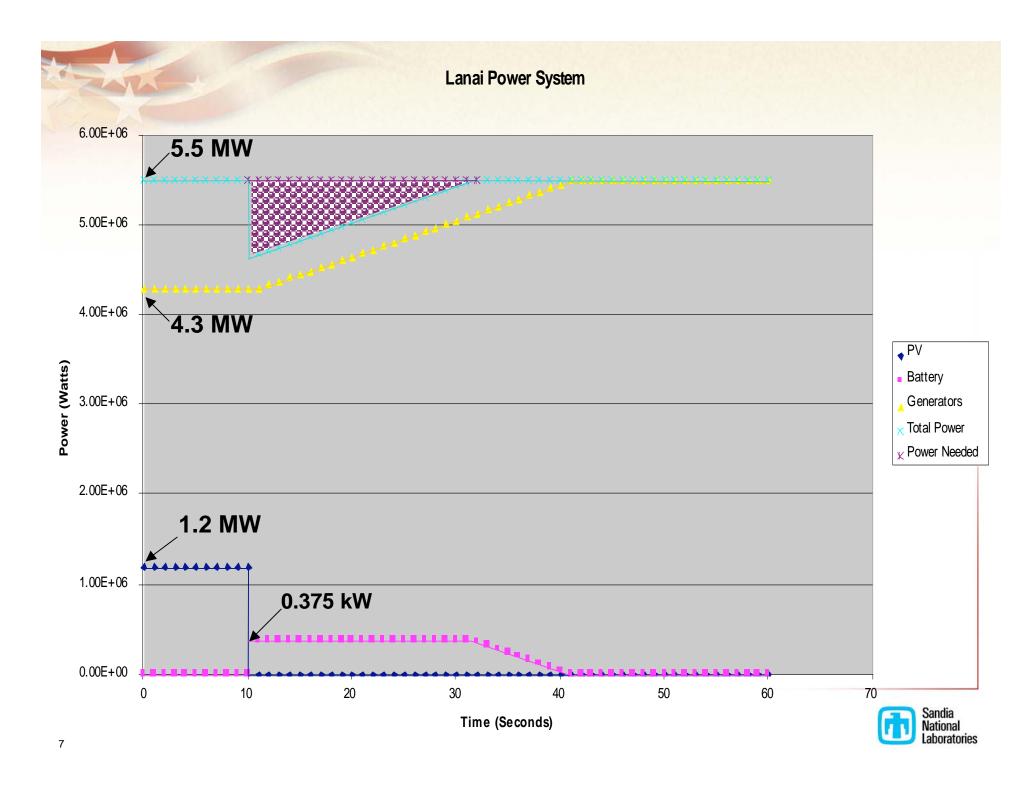
Source: Lanai PV Interconnect Study, 2008; KEMA, Inc.



#### **Additional Benefits-**

- Extends dispatch capacity
- Captures "spillage"





## **Energy Storage Requirements**

Application	Storage Support Time
<b>Smoothing Function</b>	1 second – 5 minutes
<b>Extending dispatch</b>	15 minutes – 6+ hours
Capture Spillage	1 – 4 hours



## **Energy Storage Technologies**

- Pumped storage (and CAES)
  - Proven technology
  - Lower cost on a large scales (100's MW, 8 10 hours)
  - Significant environmental impact



Rocky Mountain, GA commissioned 1995, 800+ MW





US Storage capacity = 21,461 MW (Source EIA/Electric Power Annual 2006)

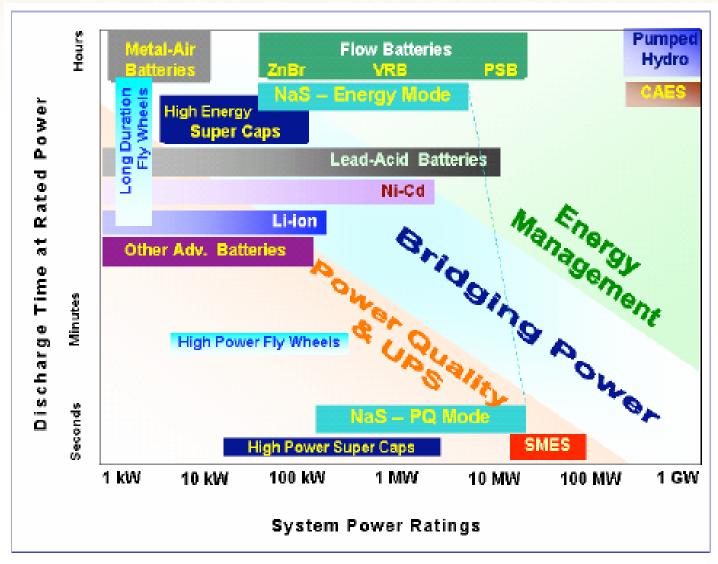


# **Energy Storage Technologies** (Continued...,)

- Battery Energy Storage
  - Lead-acid
  - Nickel-cadmium
  - Sodium Sulfur
  - Flow batteries: Zinc-Bromine; Vandium Redox
  - Lithium ion
- Flywheels
- Super conducting magnetic energy storage (SMES)



## **Energy Storage Technologies**





#### **Three Choices**

- 1. Ask questions here
- 2. Go to the beach
- 3. Ask questions on the beach

